Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L3	155	(DNA or nucleotide)adj5 sequence same (carotene or carotenoid)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/02/02 18:04
L4	9	l3 and (transform? or transgene) and methylomonas	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT	OR	OFF	2005/02/02 18:05

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:17:59 ON 02 FEB 2005)
     FILE 'CAPLUS, SCISEARCH, BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 16:18:27 ON 02 FEB 2005
          18511 FILE CAPLUS
Ll
          10905 FILE SCISEARCH
L2
          10663 FILE BIOSIS
L3
     TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
          40079 S BETA (5A) (CAROTENE OR CAROTENOIDS)
L4
            680 FILE CAPLUS
L5
            632 FILE SCISEARCH
L6
            511 FILE BIOSIS
L7
     TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
           1823 S L4 AND (DNA OR NUCLEOTIDE OR NUCLEIC ACIDS)
L8
             12 FILE CAPLUS
L9
              0 FILE SCISEARCH
L10
              0 FILE BIOSIS
L11
     TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
             12 S L8 AND METHYLOMONAS
L12
              1 FILE CAPLUS
L13
              0 FILE SCISEARCH
L14
              O FILE BIOSIS
L15
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L16
1,17
              7 FILE CAPLUS
              0 FILE SCISEARCH
1.18
              0 FILE BIOSIS
L19
     TOTAL FOR ALL FILES
              7 S L12 AND (TRANSFORM? OR TRANSGENE?)
L20
                SAV CHENG979/A L20
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L20 ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2004:1081995 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         142:50293
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TITLE:

Gene cluster encoding carotenoid biosynthetic enzymes

from Pantoea agglomerans

INVENTOR(S):

Cheng, Qiong; Sedkova, Natalia; Tao, Luan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 49 pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
	-					
US 2004253663	A1	20041216	US 2004-808807	20040324		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2003-477874P P	20030612		
			US 2003-527083P P	20031203		

A unique carotenogenic biosynthetic gene cluster was isolated from Pantoea AB agglomerans strain DC404, wherein the genetic organization of the cluster is crtE-idi-crtY-crtI-crtB-crtZ. The genes contained within this cluster encode geranylgeranyl pyrophosphate (GGPP) synthetase (CrtE), isopentenyl pyrophosphate isomerase (Idi), lycopene cyclase (CrtY), phytoene desaturase (CrtI), phytoene synthase (CrtB), and β carotene hydroxylase (CrtZ). The gene cluster, genes and their

products are useful for the conversion of farnesyl pyrophosphate to carotenoids. Vectors containing those **DNA** segments, host cells containing the vectors, and methods for producing those enzymes by recombinant **DNA** technol. in **transformed** host organisms are disclosed.

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L20 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:964716 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:406790

TITLE: Six carotenoid biosynthesis genes (CrtE, CrtX, CrtY,

Crtl, CrtB and CrtZ) from Pectobacterium cypripedii

and its recombinant expression for producing

carotenoid compounds

INVENTOR(S): Cheng, Qiong; Sedkova, Natalia; Tao, Luan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 48 pp., which

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	ENT 1	NO.			KIN)	DATE		1	APPL	ICAT:	ION I	. 00		D	ATE	
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US	2004	2243	33		A1		2004	1111	1	US 2	004-	8046	77		2	0040	319
WO	2005	0010	24		A2		2005	0106	1	WO 2	004-1	US13:	989		2	0040	504
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,
		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,
		NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,
		TJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW
	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	ΤŹ,	ŪĠ,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,
		ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,
		EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,
		SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,
		SN,	TD,	TG													
PRIORITY	APP	LN.	INFO	.:					1	US 2	003-	4685	96P		P 2	0030	507
									1	US 2	003-	5270	83P		P 2	0031	203

Genes have been isolated from Pectobacterium cypripedii encoding geranylgeranyl pyrophosphate (GGPP) synthase (CrtE), phytoene synthase (CrtB), phytoene desaturase (Crtl), lycopene cyclase (CrtY), .beta .-carotene hydroxylase (CrtZ), and zeaxanthin glucosyl transferase (CrtX) activity. The genes and their products are useful for the conversion of farnesyl pyrophosphate to carotenoids. Vectors containing those DNA segments, host cells containing the vectors and methods for producing those enzymes by recombinant DNA technol. in transformed host organisms are disclosed.

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L20 ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:551001 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:101147

TITLE: Construction of gene clusters in an expression host by

homologous recombination of DNA introduced

into a host by transduction

INVENTOR(S): Rouviere, Pierre E.; Suh, Wonchul

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): E.I. Du Pont de Nemours and Company, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 103 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

DATE APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND -----_____ --------------WO 2004056972 20040708 WO 2003-US41678 20031219 A2

W: AU, CA, JP

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,

IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR

US 2004209365 A1 20041021 US 2003-734778 US 2002-434773P P 20021219 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

The invention describes a method for the construction of gene clusters ("stacking of traits") in a recombination-capable host by introduction of foreign DNA using a transducing phage system is described. The method uses integrating cassettes that include a pair of flanking sites for site-specific recombination and a gene of interest with a selectable marker integrated into it by site-specific recombination and flanked by sites for site-specific recombination. The DNA is introduced into the host using a transducing phage. It then integrates into the host genome by homologous recombination using the flanking sequences. Integrants are then selected for using the selectable marker and the selectable marker is excised by site-specific excision from selected cells. After the first gene is introduced, a second and further genes can be introduced by further rounds of transduction, recombination, and selection. The method makes use of a nucleic acid integration cassette that has homol. to a specific site on a host chromosome for the insertion of genetic elements and the stacking of traits. Repetition of the method results in the stacking of traits on a single genetic element.

L20 ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:371066 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:369956

TITLE:

Natural promoters from Methylomonas genome

for regulated gene expression in C1 metabolizing

bacteria

INVENTOR(S):

Dicosimo, Deana J.; Picataggio, Stephen K.; Seip, John

E.; Ye, Rick W.; Wang, Tao; Ni, Hao

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

E.I. Du Pont de Nemours and Company, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 83 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004037998	A2	20040506	WO 2003-US33698	20031021
WO 2004037998	A3	20040812		

W: CA, JP, NO

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR

US 2003-689200 20031020 A1 20040701 US 2004126848 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-419872P P 20021021

The invention relates to the use of promoter regions isolated from a Methylomonas sp. for gene expression and metabolic engineering in C1 metabolizing bacteria. Genes, ntrA, glnB, htpG, moxF and hps, have been identified in the Methylomonas genome that are responsive to various metabolic and growth conditions. The identified responsiveness of these genes allows for the use of their promoters in regulated gene expression in transgenic C1 metabolizing bacteria. In particular, the hps promoter, which in its native state drives the expression of 3-hexulose-6-phosphate synthase (HPS), was found to be useful for directing expression of heterolgous coding regions (e.g., crtZ) in the obligate methanotroph Methylomonas sp. 16a.

L20 ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:417887 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:2054

TITLE: gene crtL and the production of asymmetric carotenoids

INVENTOR(S): Cheng, Qiong; Tao, Luan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): E. I. Du Pont de Nemours & Co., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 66 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

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APPLICATION NO.
      PATENT NO.
                             KIND
                                      DATE
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                                    20030530 WO 2002-US37302 20021120
      WO 2003044205
                             A1
          W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
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RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
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                            A1
                                      20030731 US 2002-292577
                                                                                20021112
      US 2003143660
                                      20040818
                                                    EP 2002-780717
                                                                               20021120
                             · A1
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                                                                         P 20011120
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                    US 2001-331830P
                                                    WO 2002-US37302
                                                                            W 20021120
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AB Genes have been isolated from Rhodococcus and Deinococcus which encode a specific lycopene β -cyclase capable of converting acyclic carotenoids with at least one ψ -end group to the corresponding asym. carotenoid containing a single β -ionone ring end group. The genes are new. Transformed host cells expressing the present genes and methods for the bio-conversion of acyclic carotenoid substrates to corresponding asym. carotenoid are also provided. Thus the crtL gene from Rhodococcus erythropolis strain AN12 and Deinococcus radiobacter R1 which encodes a lycopene β -cyclase was isolated and characterized. Recombinant Escherichia coli strains already bearing the the crtEXIB operon were transformed with either a crtL or a crtY gene. Transfomant containing the crtY gene produced β -

carotene while those with the crtL gene produce γ -carotene. REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS:

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L20 ANSWER 6 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:154580 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:199995

TITLE: Pantoea stewartii genes encoding enzymes involved in carotenoid compound conversion from phytoene and use

thereof

Brzostowicz, Patricia C.; Cheng, Qiong; Picataggio, INVENTOR(S):

Stephen K.; Rouviere, Pierre E.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

E. I. Du Pont de Nemours & Co., USA PCT Int. Appl., 68 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

								APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
	WO 2003016503							WO 2	002-1	JS26	547		20020815				
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	W:	ΑE,															
		-	-				DK,										
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	US 2003																
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	pyropho											synt	nase	(cr	tB),	phy	toene
	desatur	ase	(crt	1),	lyco	pene	CYC.	lase	(cr	tY),	β			_			
	caroten																
	(crtX)																
conversion of phytoene to the carotenoids. Vectors containing those																	
	DNA segments, host cells containing the vectors and methods for																
	produci																
	recombi	nant	DNA	tec	hnol	. in	tra	nsfo	rmed	hos	t or	gani	sms				
	are disclosed.																

L20 ANSWER 7 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:172119 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:231339

TITLE:

INVENTOR(S):

Carotenoid production from a single carbon substrate Brzostowicz, Patricia C.; Cheng, Qiong; Dicosimo, Deana J.; Koffas, Mattheos; Miller, Edward S.; Odom,

J. Martin; Picataggio, Stephen K.; Rouviere, Pierre E. E. I. Du Pont de Nemours & Co., USA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PCT Int. Appl., 156 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND D	DATE 2	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2002018617	A2 2	20020307	WO 2001-US27420	20010904
WO 2002018617	A3 2	20030522		
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CO, CR, CU,	CZ, DE,	DK, DM, DZ,	EC, EE, ES, FI,	GB, GD, GE, GH,
GM. HR. HU.	TD. TL.	IN. IS. JP.	KE, KG, KP, KR.	KZ, LC, LK, LR,

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                                20021003
                                            US 2001-938956
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    EP 1328639
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                                20030723
                                            EP 2001-968453
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
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                                            NO 2003-343
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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 2000-229907P
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                                            US 2001-934868
                                                                 A3 20010822
                                            US 2001-934903
                                                                 A3 20010822
                                            WO 2001-US27420
                                                                 W
                                                                    20010904
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AB A method for the production of carotenoid compds. is disclosed. The method relies on the use of microorganisms which metabolize single carbon substrates for the production of carotenoid compds. in high yields. Thus Methylomonas strain 16a was genetically enhanced to produce. beta.-carotene and zeaxanthin from methane.

02/02/2005Page 6

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